For operation with natural gas and liquid propane gas
Floor mounted, gas-fired condensing boiler
Heating input  
19 to 199 MBH
5.6 to 58 kW

VITOCROSSAL 300

Vitocrossal 300
CU3A Series 26 to 199

Floor mounted, gas-fired condensing boiler with modulating MatriX gas burner.
For room air dependent or independent operation.
Product Information

Benefits

Equipped with the industry’s first intelligent combustion management system and powerful control technology, the new generation Vitocrossal 300 CU3A gas-fired Floor mounted condensing boiler delivers unparalleled performance, reliability and comfort.

The benefits at a glance:

- Best value in its class with new industry-leading technology and the most standard features.
- Highest Efficiency up to 98% at full modulation and up to 95% A.F.U.E.
- Lasting performance with industry-leading Viessmann made SA240 316 Ti stainless steel Inox-Crossal heat exchanger constructed to CSA B51 and ASME Section IV.
- Fast Installation and Reduced Maintenance with Lambda Pro, industry-first intelligent combustion management system: Adjusts automatically to gas type and quality. No fuel conversion kit required.
- Powerful and User-friendly Viessmann Vitotronic on-board multi-function outdoor reset boiler and system control for multi-temperature space and DHW heating.
- Zone circuit capabilities provide 3 input connections that allow easy integration of third party components such as thermostats, SIM controls, Multizone controllers, and other smart or on/off control technologies.
- The setup of these new capabilities can be done quickly with the start-up wizard that prompts the installer for the relevant information necessary to setup the system without having to go into complex levels of coding parameters.
- Expanded Application Range with increased capacity up to 199 MBH (58 kW). Multi-boiler installation up to 1592 MBH (464 kW) with up to 8 boilers.
- Greater Venting Flexibility with increased vent length [up to 198 ft. (60 m)] and multiple venting options.
  - Horizontal or vertical sealed combustion coaxial venting (field supplied).
  - Horizontal, vertical or hybrid sealed combustion double-pipe venting (field supplied).
  - Horizontal or vertical single-wall venting (field supplied).
- Compact, Esthetic Product Design and zero clearance to combustibles.
- Extremely Quiet Operation; quieter than most refrigerators.
- True High-Altitude Operation up to 10,000 ft. (3,000 m) with simple electronic adjustment.
- Efficiency up to 98% through intensive condensation. The flue gas temperature is only approximately 9°F-27°F (5°C-15°C) above boiler return temperature.
Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler efficiency dependent on system heating water return temperatures and load conditions.

Legend:
A. Digital Vitotronic boiler control unit
B. Water-cooled stainless steel combustion chamber
C. Modulating MatriX gas burner – for extremely clean combustion
D. Stainless steel Inox-Crossal heat exchanger
E. Highly effective thermal insulation
F. Flue gas collector with condensate drain pipe
G. Combustion air intake for direct vent (two-pipe) systems
## Technical Data

### Boiler Model No. CU3A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Natural Gas / Liquid Propane Gas</th>
<th>MBH (kW)</th>
<th>CSA input</th>
<th>19-94 (5.6-27.5)</th>
<th>25-125 (7.3-36.6)</th>
<th>43-160 (12.6-47)</th>
<th>43-199 (12.6-58)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CSA output / DOE heating capacity*1</td>
<td>MBH (kW)</td>
<td>17.7-87 (5.2-25.5)</td>
<td>23.3-116 (6.8-34)</td>
<td>40-149</td>
<td>40-185</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net AHRI Rating</td>
<td>MBH</td>
<td>76 (22)</td>
<td>101 (30)</td>
<td>129 (38)</td>
<td>161 (47)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat exchanger surface area</td>
<td>ft² (m²)</td>
<td>16.7 (1.5)</td>
<td>20.7 (1.9)</td>
<td>34.1 (3.2)</td>
<td>34.1 (3.2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. gas supply pressure</td>
<td>Natural gas ”w.c.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid propane gas ”w.c.</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Max. gas supply pressure *3</td>
<td>Natural gas ”w.c.</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid propane gas ”w.c.</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.F.U.E.</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>95</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>lbs (kg)</td>
<td>269 (122)</td>
<td>275 (125)</td>
<td>352 (160)</td>
<td>352 (160)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiler water content</td>
<td>USG (L)</td>
<td>13.5 (51)</td>
<td>13.0 (49)</td>
<td>18.8 (71)</td>
<td>18.8 (71)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. operating pressure at 210°F (99°C)</td>
<td>psig (bar)</td>
<td>30 (2)</td>
<td>30 (2)</td>
<td>30 (2)</td>
<td>30 (2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiler water temperature</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>68-194 (20-90)</td>
<td>68-194 (20-90)</td>
<td>68-194 (20-90)</td>
<td>68-194 (20-90)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Adjustable high limit (AHL) range</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>194 (90)</td>
<td>194 (90)</td>
<td>194 (90)</td>
<td>194 (90)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>space heating (steady state)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHW production</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Fixed high limit (FHL)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td>210 (99)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiler connections</td>
<td>Boiler heating supply and return</td>
<td>NPTM</td>
<td>1¼ in.</td>
<td>1¼ in.</td>
<td>1¼ in.</td>
<td>1¼ in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure relief valve</td>
<td>NPTF</td>
<td>¾ in.</td>
<td>¾ in.</td>
<td>¾ in.</td>
<td>¾ in.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiler drain</td>
<td>NPTM</td>
<td>1 in.</td>
<td>1 in.</td>
<td>1 in.</td>
<td>1 in.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas valve connection</td>
<td>NPTF</td>
<td>¾ in.</td>
<td>¾ in.</td>
<td>¾ in.</td>
<td>¾ in.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 Output based on 140°F (60°C), 120°F (49°C) system supply/return temperature.

*2 Net AHRI rating based on piping and pick-up allowance of 1.15.

*3 If the gas supply pressure exceeds the maximum gas supply pressure value, a separate gas pressure regulator must be installed upstream of the heating system.

**Note:** For high altitude installation at 10,000 ft. the input for model Vitocrossal 300 CU3A will have an altitude de-ration of 18%.
## Technical Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler Model No. CU3A</th>
<th>26, 94</th>
<th>35, 125</th>
<th>45, 160</th>
<th>57, 199</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dimensions</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall depth</td>
<td>inches</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>31½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(mm)</td>
<td>684</td>
<td>684</td>
<td>801</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall width</td>
<td>inches</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(mm)</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall height</td>
<td>inches</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(with control interface open)</td>
<td>(mm)</td>
<td>1707</td>
<td>1707</td>
<td>1707</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall height</td>
<td>inches</td>
<td>61.5</td>
<td>61.5</td>
<td>61.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(mm)</td>
<td>1562</td>
<td>1562</td>
<td>1562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flue gas</strong> *4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature (at boiler return temperature of 86°F (30°C))</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>113 (45)</td>
<td>113 (45)</td>
<td>113 (45)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- at rated full load</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>90 (32)</td>
<td>90 (32)</td>
<td>90 (32)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- at rated partial load</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>167 (75)</td>
<td>167 (75)</td>
<td>167 (75)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature (at boiler return temperature of 140°F (60°C))</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>113 (45)</td>
<td>113 (45)</td>
<td>113 (45)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>90 (32)</td>
<td>90 (32)</td>
<td>90 (32)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>167 (75)</td>
<td>167 (75)</td>
<td>167 (75)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Max. condensate flow rate</strong> *5 for NG and LPG</td>
<td>USG/h (L/h)</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TS/TR = 104/86°F (40/30°C)</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.43</td>
<td>4.62</td>
<td>5.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Condensate connection</strong></td>
<td>hose nozzle Ø in.</td>
<td>¾</td>
<td>¾</td>
<td>¾</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Boiler flue gas connection</strong> *6</td>
<td>Ø in. (mm)</td>
<td>3 (80)</td>
<td>3 (80)</td>
<td>4 (110)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Combustion air supply connection</strong></td>
<td>outer Ø in. (mm)</td>
<td>3 (80)</td>
<td>3 (80)</td>
<td>3 (80)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sound Rating (A scale)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- at maximum input</td>
<td>dB</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- at minimum input</td>
<td>dB</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standby losses</strong> *7</td>
<td>BTU/hr</td>
<td>1128</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>W/hr</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>292</td>
<td>328</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*4 Measured flue gas temperature with a combustion air temperature of 68°F (20°C).

*5 Based on maximum input rate.

*6 For side wall vent installations (coaxial system):
Do not exceed max. equivalent length specified in the Installation Instructions of the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A Venting System.
Do not attempt to common-vent Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with any other appliance.
Side wall co-axial vent installation must include Viessmann protective screen!
For details refer to the Installation Instructions for the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A Venting System.

*7 Standby losses measured from the boiler temperature sensor well based on a boiler water temperature of 158°F (70°C) and a room temperature of 68°F (20°C).

For information regarding other Viessmann System Technology componentry, please reference documentation of respective product.
Legend
A Overall boiler height (boiler control open)
B Overall boiler height (boiler control closed)
C Safety header connection
D Boiler supply
E Gas connection
F Boiler return
G Boiler drain
H Vent connection
I Condensate drain connection
J Combustion air connection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model 26, 35, 94, 125</th>
<th>Model 45, 57, 160, 199</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a</td>
<td>in. (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b</td>
<td>in. (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>in. (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d</td>
<td>in. (mm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: All height dimensions of the boiler have a tolerance of +.6 in. (+15 mm) due to the factory installed adjustable feet.
### Recommended Minimum Clearances

#### Minimum Clearances to Combustibles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler model CU3A</th>
<th>26, 94</th>
<th>35, 125</th>
<th>45, 160</th>
<th>57, 199</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Top</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sides (left and right)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vent pipe</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front (alcove or closet)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floor combustible</td>
<td>combustible</td>
<td>combustible</td>
<td>combustible</td>
<td>combustible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Vitocrossal CU3A series boilers are approved for closet and alcove installation with the clearances to combustibles listed.

*1 Clearance between boilers may be reduced to zero in multi-boiler installations.

**Note:** The burner, boiler control, condensate trap, venting and heat exchanger are still fully accessible from the front and rear of the boiler.

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### Recommended minimum service clearances

For typical Vitocrossal CU3A series boiler installations, Viessmann recommends installing the boiler with the service clearances shown in the illustration.

Note: The Vitocrossal 300 CU3A series boiler conforms to the zero inches vent clearance to combustibles testing requirements dictated by the boiler Harmonized Standard ANSI Z21.13, CSA/4.9 (latest edition) and therefore is listed for zero clearance to combustibles when vented with a single-wall UL/ULC certified special venting system. The zero inches vent clearance to combustibles for the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler supercedes the clearance to combustibles listing that appears on the special venting system label. The back or side clearance shall be increased if piping installation is required.

See the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A Venting System Installation Instructions for details.
Waterside Flow

Pressure Drop (heating water side)

Legend
A Boiler models CU3A 26, 35, 94, 125
B Boiler models CU3A 45, 57, 160, 199

The Vitocrossal 300 is only suitable for fully pumped hot water heating systems.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler models CU3A</th>
<th>$\Delta T = 20^\circ F$ (10 K)</th>
<th>$\Delta T = 30^\circ F$ (15 K)</th>
<th>$\Delta T = 40^\circ F$ (20 K)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flow rate USGPM (m³/h)</td>
<td>Flow rate USGPM (m³/h)</td>
<td>Flow rate USGPM (m³/h)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26, 94</td>
<td>9.9 (2.2)</td>
<td>6.6 (1.5)</td>
<td>4.9 (1.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35, 125</td>
<td>13.3 (3.0)</td>
<td>8.9 (2.0)</td>
<td>6.6 (1.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45, 160</td>
<td>17.0 (3.9)</td>
<td>11.4 (2.6)</td>
<td>8.5 (2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57, 199</td>
<td>22.7 (5.2)</td>
<td>15.0 (3.4)</td>
<td>11.4 (2.6)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: This boiler does not require a flow switch.
On-Board Vitotronic 200, HO1B Control

Modular structure
The control unit is integrated into the boiler. The control unit comprises a standard unit, electronics modules and a programming unit.

Standard unit:
- ON/OFF switch
- Optolink laptop interface
- Operating and fault indicators
- Reset button
- Fuses

Programming unit:
- Easy operation through:
  - Plain text display with graphic ability
  - Large font and black & white depiction for good contrast
  - Context-sensitive help text
  - Removable programming unit; can be mounted on the wall with separate accessory
- With digital time switch
- Control keys for:
  - Navigation
  - Confirmation
  - Help and additional information
  - Menu
- Setting the:
  - Room temperature
  - Reduced room temperature
  - DHW temperature
  - Heating program
  - Time programs for central heating, DHW heating and DHW recirculation
  - Economy mode
  - Party mode
  - Holiday program
  - Heating curves
  - Codes
  - Actuator tests
  - Test mode
- Displaying the:
  - Boiler water temperature
  - DHW temperature
  - Operating details
  - Diagnostic details
  - Fault messages
Functions
- Weather-compensated control of the boiler water and/or supply temperature
- Control of one heating circuit without mixer and two heating circuits with mixer (with accessory mixing valve extension modules)
- Demand-dependent heating circuit pump and burner off control
- Adjustment of a variable heating limit
- Anti-seizing pump protection
- Integral diagnostic system
- Maintenance display
- DHW temperature control with priority
- Auxiliary function for DHW heating (short-term heating to a higher temperature)
- 0-10V External signal input
- 0-10V Pump speed control output signal

Control Characteristics
PI characteristics with modulating output.

Time Switch
Digital time switch.
- Individual and 7-day program
- Automatic daylight savings time changeover
- Automatic function for DHW heating and DHW recirculation pump
- Time, day and standard switching times for space heating, DHW heating and the DHW recirculation pump are factory-set
- Switching times are individually programmable, i.e. up to four switching periods per day
  Shortest switching interval: 10 minutes
  Power backup: 14 days.

Setting the Operating Programs
The heating system frost protection (see frost protection function) applies to all heating programs. You can select the following heating programs with the program keys:
- Heating and DHW
- DHW only
- Standby mode
- Zone circuits (dry contact) thermostat
External heating program changeover.

Frost protection
- The frost protection function will be started when the outside temperature drops below approx. 34°F (1°C).
  With the frost protection function, the heating circuit pump will be switched ON and the boiler water is maintained at a lower temperature of approx. 68°F (20°C).
  The DHW tank will be heated to approx. 68°F (20°C).
- The frost protection function will be stopped when the outside temperature rises above approx. 37°F (3°C) (default settings).

Summer Operation
Heating program “summer”
The burner is only activated upon a call for domestic hot water from the DHW storage tank (controlled by DHW tank temperature sensor).
### Technical Data

- **Rated supply voltage:** 120VAC
- **Rated frequency:** 60 Hz
- **Rated current:** Less than 12A
- **Max. ambient temp. at operation:** 32 to 104°F (0 to 40°C)
  - Installation in living spaces or boiler rooms (standard ambient conditions)
- **Max. ambient temp. when storing or transporting:** -4°F to +158°F (-20°C to +70°C)
- **Max. operating temp. setting (space heating):** 194°F (90°C)
- **DHW production:** 194°F (90°C)
- **Setting fixed high limit:** 210°F (99°C)
  - (not adjustable)
- **Adjustment range of DHW tank set-point temperature:** 50°F to 149°F (10°C to 65°C)
- **Heating curve settings:**
  - **Heating curve slope:** 0.2 to 3.5
  - **Heating curve shift:** -12 to +33°C
  - -13 to 40 K

### Heating Curve Adjustment (slope and shift)

The control unit regulates the boiler water temperature (= supply temperature of heating circuit without mixing valve) and the supply temperature of the heating circuit with mixing valve (in conjunction with the accessory kit for a heating circuit with mixing valve) according to the outdoor temperature. The boiler water temperature is automatically raised by 0 to 72°F / 0 to 40 K higher than the currently required set supply temperature (in the factory default setting the differential temperature is 14.4°F / 8 K). See Service Instructions for coding address “9F” in coding level 2.

The supply temperature that is required to achieve a given room temperature depends on the heating system and the thermal insulation of the building that is being heated.

The adjustment of the two heating curves is used to match the boiler water temperature and the supply temperature to these conditions. The boiler water temperature is limited upwards by the fixed high limit and the temperature set for the electronic high limit. The supply temperature cannot rise above the boiler water temperature.

### Legend

- **A** Low temperature heating system, e.g. radiant floor heating
- **B** Medium temperature heating system, e.g. cast iron radiation, staple-up radiant floor heating
- **C** High temperature heating system, e.g. fintube radiation, fan coils

### Diagram

The diagram illustrates the relationship between the boiler water or supply temperature, room set-point temperature, and outdoor temperature.
Sensors

Boiler Temperature Sensor (supplied)
The boiler temperature sensor is connected at the control unit for weather-responsive operation and is built into the boiler.

Specification sensor type: Viessmann NTC 10K ohms at 77°F (25°C)

Max. ambient temp.
- at operation: 32°F to 266°F (0°C to 130°C)
- when storing or transporting: -4°F to +158°F (-20°C to +70°C)

DHW Tank Temperature Sensor (supplied)
- integrated DHW temperature sensor

Outdoor Temperature Sensor (supplied)

Sensor location:
- North or northwest wall of building
- 6.6 to 8.2 ft. (2 to 2.5 m) above ground or in case of a multi-storey building approximately halfway up the second floor

Electrical connection:
- 2-wire cable, max. cable length 115 ft. (35 m) with a wire size of min. AWG 16 copper
- Cable to the outdoor sensor must not be laid near line voltage wiring (120/240V)

DHW Tank Temperature Sensor (supplied)

Optional Accessories

Supply Temperature Sensor
(strap-on sensor, included with mixing valve actuator accessory kit),

- when storing or transporting: -4°F to +158°F (-20°C to +70°C)

Installed with a strapping band.
Cable length 19.7 ft. (6 m), ready to plug in.
Max. ambient temp.
- at operation: 32°F to 212°F (0°C to 100°C)
- when storing or transporting: -4°F to +149°F (-20°C to +70°C)

KM BUS Expansion Module
To connect 2 to 9 devices (mixing valve actuator, Vitotrol, input module, etc.) to the single KM BUS connection of the boiler.

Specification
Lead length 10 ft. (3.0 m), fully wired
Permissible ambient temp.
- during operation 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)
- during storage and transport: -4°F to +149°F (-20°C to +65°C)
Optional Accessories (continued)

**Mixing Valve Actuator Kit**

The mixing valve actuator is mounted directly on the Viessmann ¾ to 2½ in. mixing valve. The mixing valve actuator is a motor-driven control unit. The rotational direction is reversible.

- **Rated voltage:** 120VAC
- **Rated frequency:** 60 Hz
- **Power consumption:** 4W max. ambient temperature
- **Application in living areas and installation sites (normal ambient conditions):**
  - Storage & shipping: -4°F to 149°F (-20°C to 65°C)

**AM1 Extension Module**

- **Rated voltage:** 120VAC
- **Rated frequency:** 60 Hz
- **Rated current:** 4A
- **Power consumption:** 1.5W
- **Max. ambient temp.**
  - At operation: 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)
  - When storing or transporting: -4°F to +149°F (-20°C to +65°C)

- **Relay output for pump:** 2 A, 120VAC

**Mixing Valve Extension Module**

- **Rated voltage:** 120VAC
- **Rated frequency:** 60 Hz
- **Rated current:** 2A
- **Power consumption:** 4 W
- **Max. ambient temp.**
  - At operation: 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)
  - When storing or transporting: -4°F to +149°F (-20°C to +65°C)

- **Relay output for heating circuit pump:** 2 A, 120VAC

**Room Temperature Sensor**

Separate room temperature sensor as supplement to the Vitotrol 200A and 300A; to be used if the Vitotrol 200A or 300A cannot be installed inside the main living room or in a suitable position where the unit can capture and adjust the temperature.

Installation in the main living room on an internal wall opposite radiators. Never install inside shelf units, recesses, immediately by a door or heat source (e.g. direct sunlight, fireplace, TV set, etc.).

Connect the room temperature sensor to the Vitotrol 200A or 300A.

- **Electrical connection:**
  - 2-wire cable with a wire size of min. AWG 18 copper
  - The cable length between the control unit, remote control unit and room temperature sensor must not exceed 98 ft. (30 m)

**Mixing Valve Actuator Kit**

The mixing valve actuator is mounted directly on the Viessmann ¾ to 2½ in. mixing valve. The mixing valve actuator is a motor-driven control unit. The rotational direction is reversible.

- **Rated voltage:** 120VAC
- **Rated frequency:** 60 Hz
- **Power consumption:** 4W max. ambient temperature
- **Application in living areas and installation sites (normal ambient conditions):**
  - Storage & shipping: -4°F to 149°F (-20°C to 65°C)
Optional Accessories (continued)

Vitotrol 200A

One Vitotrol 200A can be used for every heating circuit in a heating system. The Vitotrol 200A can regulate one heating circuit and up to two remote controls may be connected to the control unit.

Connection:
- 2-core lead 18 AWG, length max. 164 ft. (50 m) (even if connecting several remote control units)
- Never route this lead immediately next to 120/208/460 V cables
- LV plug as standard delivery must be installed in the main living room (lead room).

Specification:
- Power supply via KM BUS
- Power consumption: 0.2 W
- Max. ambient temp. at operation: 32°F to 104°F (0 to 40°C)
- when storing or transporting: -4°F to +149°F (-20 to +65°C)
- Set room temp. range: 37°F to 99°F (3 to 37°C)

The set room temperature for reduced mode is adjusted at the control unit.

KM BUS Participant
The Vitotrol 200A remote control regulates the required set room temperature in standard mode, from any room in the house.
- Party and economy mode can be enabled via keys
- Only for heating circuit with mixing valve
- Fitted room temperature sensor for room temperature hook-up

WS function:
Installation anywhere in the building.

RS function:
Note: Never activate the RS function for underfloor heating circuits (inertia). In heating systems with a heating circuit without mixing valve and heating circuits with mixing valve, the RS function must only affect the heating circuit with mixing valve.

Room temperature hook-up:
Installation in the main living room on an internal wall opposite radiators. Never install inside shelf units, recesses, immediately by a door or heat source (e.g. direct sunlight, fireplace, TV set, etc.).

The integral room temperature sensor captures the actual room temperature and effects any necessary corrections of the supply temperature as well as a rapid heat-up at the start of the heating operation (if appropriately programmed).
Vitotrol 300A

One Vitotrol 300A can be used for every heating circuit in a heating system. The Vitotrol 300A can regulate up to three heating circuits. Up to two remote controls may be connected to the control unit.

KM BUS Participant

The Vitotrol 300A remote control regulates the required set room temperature for one heating circuit in standard and reduced mode, the heating program and the switching times for central heating, DHW heating and the DHW recirculation pump.

Displaying:
- Room temperature
- Outside temperature
- Heating program
- Operating condition
- Solar yield as graphic display

Settings:
- Set room temperatures for standard mode (day temperature) and reduced mode (night temperature) via the standard display
- Heating program, switching times for heating circuits, DHW heating and DHW recirculation pump plus further settings via plain text menu on the display
- Party and economy mode can be enabled via the menu
- Only for heating circuit with mixer: Fitted room temperature sensor for room temperature hook-up

Note: For room temperature hook-up, the Vitotrol 300A must be installed in the main living room (lead room).

RS function:
Installation in the main living room on an internal wall opposite radiators. Never install inside shelving units, in recesses, or immediately by a door or heat source (e.g. direct sunlight, fireplace, TV set, etc.). The fitted room temperature sensor captures the actual room temperature and effects any necessary correction of the flow temperature.

WS function:
Installation anywhere in the building.

Connection:
- 2-core lead 18 AWG, length max. 164 ft. (50 m) (even if connecting several remote control units)
- Never route this lead immediately next to 120/208/460V cables
- LV plug as standard delivery must be installed in the main living room (lead room).

Specification:
Power supply via KM BUS
Power consumption: 0.2 W
Max. ambient temp.:
- at operation: 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)
- when storing or transporting: -4°F to +149°F (-20°C to +65°C)

Set room temp. range: 37°F to 99°F (3°C to 37°C)

The set room temperature for reduced mode is adjusted at the control unit.
Accessories for Vitocrossal 300 CU3A

Fuel Conversion Label Kit (NG > LPG)
(included in boiler technical literature set)
The Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler comes factory set for operation with natural gas. All Vitocrossal 300 CU3A models can be field converted to operate with liquid propane gas (as well as back to natural gas as required). The kit includes instructions and labels for field conversion.

Low-Loss Header

When used in conjunction with the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler, the low-loss header acts as hydraulic break, decoupling boiler and system circuits from each other.

Viessmann recommends the use of a low-loss header in cases where the system head and flow rates are unknown.

The temperature sensor connection [TS] typically located at the top of the low-loss header ensures low return temperatures to the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler at all times, increasing operational efficiency.

IMPORTANT
Use only a Viessmann temperature sensor (accessory).
Do not use any other manufacturer’s temperature sensor.

In addition, the low-loss header helps eliminate air and debris [D] from the heating system.
See illustrations for design and principle of operation.
Low-Loss Header (continued)

Principle of Operation

![Diagram of low-loss header]

Legend
- T1: Boiler supply temperature
- T2: Boiler return temperature
- T3: System supply temperature
- T4: System return temperature
- Vprimary: Boiler circuit flow rate
- Vsecondary: Heating circuit flow rate
- Vbypass: Bypass flow rate
- Qprimary: Heat supplied by boiler
- Qsecondary: Heat consumed by system

IMPORTANT

When installing a low-loss header, the system mixed supply temperature (T3) must be calculated as follows:

\[ T3 = \frac{T1 \times V_{\text{primary}} + T4 \times V_{\text{bypass}}}{V_{\text{secondary}}} \]

Vprimary < Vsecondary
T1 > T3
T2 = T4
Qprimary = Qsecondary

T1 167°F (75°C)
Vsecondary = Vprimary + Vbypass

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model No.</th>
<th>Max. system flow rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type 80/60</td>
<td>17.6 USGPM (4 m³/h)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type 120/80</td>
<td>35.2 USGPM (8 m³/h)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type 160/80 *1</td>
<td>44 USGPM (10 m³/h)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type 200/120 *1</td>
<td>80 USGPM (18 m³/h)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 Floor-mounted version (typically used for multiple-boiler installations).

Neutralization Unit for Single-Boiler Applications with neutralizing granulate

for models CU3A 26, 35, 94, 125

for models CU3A 45, 57, 160, 199

Neutralization Pellets

for models CU3A 26 to 199
2 x 1.3 kg for refill or replacement purposes
The Vitocrossal 300 CU3A gas-fired condensing combi-boiler with Inox-Crossal heat exchanger, modulating MatriX burner for liquid propane gas and natural gas (available on all models), comes standard with:

- boiler control unit with outdoor temperature sensor, power/pump module:
  - installation fittings with 30 psig pressure relief valve
  - Temperature and pressure gauge field installation on supply pipe.
  - The boiler comes prewired and fully piped internally for field connections.
  - Side wall vent installations must include Viessmann protective screen!
  - Enclosure finish: black steel, powder-coated Viessmann silver
  - The Vitocrossal 300 CU3A comes ready for use with natural gas and can be fuel converted to liquid propane gas in the field.

**Combustion Management System**

The combustion management system utilizes the physical correlation between the level of the ionization current and the air factor $\lambda$. For all gas qualities, the maximum ionization current results with air factor $\lambda$.

The ionization signal is evaluated by the combustion management system, and the air factor is adjusted to between $\lambda = 1.24$ and 1.44. This range provides for an optimum combustion quality. Thereafter, the electronic gas valve regulates the required gas volume based on the prevailing gas quality.

To check the combustion quality, the CO$_2$ content or the O$_2$ content of the flue gas is measured. The actual values enable the prevailing air factor to be determined. The relationship between the CO$_2$ or O$_2$ content and air factor $\lambda$ is illustrated in the table below.

### Air factor $\lambda$ - CO$_2$/O$_2$ content

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Air factor $\lambda$</th>
<th>O$_2$ content (%)</th>
<th>CO$_2$ content (%) for natural gas</th>
<th>CO$_2$ content (%) for liquid propane gas</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.20</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>9.6</td>
<td>11.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.24</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.27</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.30</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>8.7</td>
<td>10.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.34</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.37</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>9.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.40</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>9.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.44</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>9.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.48</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>9.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To achieve an optimum combustion control, the system regularly performs an automatic self-calibration; also after a power failure (shutdown). For this, the combustion is briefly regulated to max. ionization current (equals air factor $\lambda = 1$). The automatic calibration is performed shortly after the burner starts and lasts approximately 5 seconds. During the calibration, higher than normal CO$_2$ emissions may occur briefly.

The Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boilers come equipped with Lambda Pro, the industry’s first intelligent combustion management system. The boiler adjusts automatically to any gas type and quality without the need for a fuel conversion kit.
Hydraulic Connection

System design
Viessmann condensing boilers can generally be installed in any pumped hot water heating system (closed system). Minimum system pressure 14 psi.

The boiler water temperature is limited to 194°F (90°C). To minimize distribution losses and for increased efficiency we recommend that you size the heat distribution system to a max. supply temperature of 158°F (70°C). This can be achieved through the use of a low temperature heating system (such as a radiant floor).

For apartments with less than 860 ft² (80 m²) living space or for low energy houses with low heat demand we recommend, due to the immediate capturing of the room-influencing factors, the utilization of the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A in conjunction with the Vitotrol 200A / 300A and room dependant control.

The use of a low loss header is not necessarily required for single boiler CU3A installations. Use of a low loss header when used with the CU3A offers additional benefits as they can be an effective method of air separation, debris removal, temperature sensing and in installations where the flow rates are unknown.

Installation Examples

Please note that in the following piping layout examples all pumps external to the boiler are field supplied.

IMPORTANT
The examples on the following pages depict possible piping layouts of the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler equipped with Viessmann System Technology.

Please note that the following examples are simplified conceptual drawings only!

Piping and necessary componentry must be field verified. A low water cut-off (LWCO) must be installed where required by local codes.

Proper installation and functionality in the field is the responsibility of the heating contractor.
Installation Examples

System Layout 1

Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with a direct-connected heating circuit

Legend

A  Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler with Vitotronic 200, KW6B outdoor reset control
B  Outdoor temperature sensor
C  Vitotrol remote (optional)
D  Heating circuit
E  Heating circuit pump 20
F  DHW pump 21
G  DHW storage tank
H  DHW tank temperature sensor
I  Expansion tank
J  DHW recirculation pump 28/20 *
K  Temperature and pressure relief valve
L  Pressure relief valve

* Function based on coding of address 53

Installation of ...
- radiator heating circuit (high-temp. circuit)
- DHW production
System Layout 2

Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with...
- DHW storage tank
- one heating circuit with mixing valve and system separation

![Diagram of System Layout 2]

Legend
- **A**: Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler with Vitotronic 200, KW6B outdoor reset control
- **B**: Outdoor temperature
- **C**: Vitotrol remote (optional)
- **D**: Underfloor heating circuit
- **E**: Mixing valve temperature sensor
- **F**: Pressure relief valve
- **G**: Plate heat exchanger for system separation
- **H**: Accessory kit for heating circuit with mixing valve
- **I**: DHW circulating pump
- **J**: DHW storage tank
- **K**: DHW tank temperature sensor
- **L**: Expansion tank
- **M**: DHW recirculation pump 28/20
- **N**: Temperature and pressure relief valve
- **O**: Heating circuit pump 20
- **P**: Heating circuit pump

Installation of ...
- underfloor heating circuit with 3-way mixing valve and system separation (low-temp. circuit)
- DHW production

**IMPORTANT**
System separation is required of underfloor heating systems employing non-oxygen diffusion barrier tubing. All components on the secondary side of the heat exchanger must be made of corrosion-resistant materials.

**IMPORTANT**
Sizing of field-supplied pump is critical for proper boiler operation in this system layout. See page 8 for the supply head pressure drop of the boiler. An undersized pump may cause short-cycling and/or improper operation of the boiler.
Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with...
- DHW storage tank
- one direct-connected heating circuit
- two heating circuit with a mixing valve

Installation Examples
System Layout 3

Legend

A  Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler with Vitotronic 200, KW6B outdoor reset control
B  Outdoor temperature sensor
C  Vитотrol remote (optional)
D  Under floor heating circuit
E  Radiator heating circuit
F  Heating circuit pump
G  Mixing valve temperature sensor
H  Accessory kit for heating circuit with mixing valve
I  Domestic hot water storage tank
J  DHW tank temperature sensor
K  Expansion tank
L  Temperature and pressure relief valve
M  Pressure relief valve
N  DHW recirculation pump
O  Boiler pump
P  DHW circulating pump

*  Function based on coding of address 53

Installation of different heating circuits...
- radiator heating circuit (high-temperature circuit)
- under floor heating circuit with 3-way mixing valve (low-temperature circuit)
- DHW production

The 3-way mixing valve, built-in to achieve the low-temperature level of the underfloor heating circuit, is controlled by an accessory kit for a heating circuit with mixing valve.

IMPORTANT
System separation is required of underfloor heating systems employing non-oxygen diffusion barrier tubing. All components on the secondary side of the heat exchanger must be made of corrosion-resistant materials.

IMPORTANT
Sizing of field-supplied pump is critical for proper boiler operation in this system layout. See page 8 for the supply head pressure drop of the boiler. An undersized pump may cause short-cycling and/or improper operation of the boiler.
Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with...
- direct-connected heating circuit
- one heating circuit with system separation

**IMPORTANT**
Installation of different heating circuits...
- radiator heating circuit (high-temp. circuit)
- under floor heating circuit with 3-way mixing valve (low-temp. circuit)
- DHW production

The 3-way mixing valve, built-in to achieve the low-temperature level of the under floor heating circuit, is controlled by an accessory kit for a heating circuit with mixing valve. The boiler pump supplies the radiator heating circuit and the plate heat exchanger for system separation.

**IMPORTANT**
The pressure drop (secondary circuit) of the plate heat exchanger must be less/equal to the pressure drop of the 3-way mixing valve. This must be taken into account when sizing the plate heat exchanger.
Installation Examples

System Layout 5

Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with...
- DHW storage tank
- three zone circuits

Legend
A Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boilers
B DHW storage tank
C DHW pump [output 21]
D DHW recirculation pump [output 28/20]
E Thermostat zone circuits 1, 2, 3 (dry contact)
F Zone circuit 1 [output 157]
G AM1 extension module (accessory)
H Zone circuit 2 [output A1 - AM1 extension module]
I Zone circuit 3 [output A2 - AM1 extension module]
J Outdoor temperature sensor
K DHW sensor

Installation of different heating circuits...
- DHW production
- 3 zone circuits
Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with...
- DHW storage tank
- low-loss header
- multiple heating circuits with mixing valves
- one heating circuit without mixing valve

When designing a system as illustrated above, please contact your local Viessmann Sales Representative for assistance.

Legend

A Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler with Vitotronic 200, KW6B outdoor reset control
B Outdoor temperature
C Boiler pump
D Vitotronic 200-H, HK1B *1
E Mixing valve temperature sensor
F Heating circuit pumps
G Accessory kit for heating circuit with mixing valve
H Heating circuits with mixing valves
I Viessmann temperature sensor for low-loss header
J Low-loss header (if required)
K DHW circulating pump
L DHW tank temperature sensor
M DHW storage tank
N Expansion tank
O DHW recirculation pump
P Heating circuit pump
Q Vitotrol remote (optional)
R Radiator heating circuit
S Temperature and pressure relief valve
T Pressure relief valve

*1 Contact your local Sales Representative for details.
Vitotronic 200-H, HK1B mixing valve control with LON communication module can be used instead of the accessory kit and Vitocontrol.

**IMPORTANT**

Please note location of expansion tank N.

**IMPORTANT**

System separation is required of underfloor heating systems employing non-oxygen diffusion barrier tubing. All components on the secondary side of the heat exchanger must be wwmade of corrosion-resistant materials.
Multiple (up to eight) Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with...
- multiple heating circuits with mixing valves
- low-loss header

Legend
- A Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler
- B Vitotronic 300K, MW2C
- C Low-loss header/common supply temperature sensor
- D Low-loss header
- E DHW storage tank
- F High temperature heating circuit
- G Low temperature heating circuit

When designing a multiple Vitocrossal 300 CU3A system as shown above, please reference applicable multiple Vitocrossal 300 CU3A technical documentation, and contact your local Viessmann Sales Representative for further assistance.

This installation example depicts a possible piping layout for multiple Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boilers equipped with Viessmann System Technology. Please note that this example is based on a simplified conceptual drawing only! Piping and necessary componentry must be field verified. A low water cut-off (LWCO) must be installed where required by local codes.

Proper installation and functionality in the field is the responsibility of the heating contractor.

⚠️ WARNING

If a DHW storage tank other than a Viessmann Vitocell 100 or 300 tank is used, the installer must verify proper operation of the Viessmann DHW tank temperature sensor with the original manufacturer of the tank.

Viessmann strongly recommends the installation of a temperature tempering valve in the DHW supply line.
Multiple (up to eight) Vitocrossal 300 CU3A with...
- system pump
- boiler isolation valves

When designing a multiple Vitocrossal 300 CU3A system as shown above, please reference applicable multiple Vitocrossal 300 CU3A technical documentation, and contact your local Viessmann Sales Representative for further assistance.

This installation example depicts a possible piping layout for multiple Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boilers equipped with Viessmann System Technology. Please note that this example is based on a simplified conceptual drawing only! Piping and necessary componentry must be field verified. A low water cut-off (LWCO) must be installed where required by local codes. Proper installation and functionality in the field is the responsibility of the heating contractor.

**WARNING**

If a DHW storage tank other than a Viessmann Vitocell 100 or 300 tank is used, the installer must verify proper operation of the Viessmann DHW tank temperature sensor with the original manufacturer of the tank. Viessmann strongly recommends the installation of a temperature tempering valve in the DHW supply line.
WARNING
DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING BOILER.

CAUTION
Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

* Only one function/connection may be assigned to each connection.

If any of the original wires as supplied with the appliance must be replaced, it must be replaced with the exact equivalent.
### Electrical Connections (continued)

#### Legend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Outdoor Temperature Sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Supply Temperature Sensor/Low Loss Header</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/1</td>
<td>Boiler Temperature Sensor #1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/2</td>
<td>Boiler Temperature Sensor #2</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>DHW Temperature Sensor</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Ionization Electrode</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>Flue Gas temperature Sensor</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Boiler Pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>DHW Pump</td>
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<tr>
<td>28/20</td>
<td>Programmable Pump Output / zone circuit pump output*</td>
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<td>35</td>
<td>Gas Valve</td>
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<td>Pump Modulation Output 0-10VDC</td>
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<td>T55A</td>
<td>Switched Output F2</td>
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<td>T55B</td>
<td>Switched Output F1</td>
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<tr>
<td>DE1</td>
<td>Digital Input 1 (Dry Contact)</td>
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<tr>
<td>DE2</td>
<td>Digital Input 2 (Dry Contact)</td>
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<td>DE3</td>
<td>Digital Input 3 (Dry Contact)</td>
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<tr>
<td>0-10V</td>
<td>0-10VDC Input</td>
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<tr>
<td>157</td>
<td>Fault Alarm/DHW Recirculation Pump / zone circuit pump output*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>190</td>
<td>Gas Modulation Coil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* See wiring diagram

#### IMPORTANT

Electrical installations must comply with the latest edition of:

- In the U.S.A., the National Electrical Code (NEC), ANSI/NFPA 70 and any other state, local codes and/or regulations.
- In Canada, the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC), CSA C22.1 Part 1 and any other province, territory, local codes and/or regulations.
System Design

System Design Considerations

IN THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS...
- this product shall be installed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter.
- the flexible connector (if used) cannot exceed 36”.
- any level type shutoff used must be of tee handle type.

Boiler location
As a direct vent appliance, the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A can be installed for room air independent operation (sealed combustion) regardless of size and ventilation method of the room in which it is located.
The Vitocrossal 300 CU3A can be installed, for example, in the main living area of a house, in non-ventilated utility rooms, cupboards, closets and alcoves with no clearance required from combustible materials, as well as in attics with a direct outlet for the flue gas/fresh air system. Follow all local and national codes.

Flue gas system
Viessmann PP(s) (Polypropylene) concentric flue gas/fresh air systems for room air independent operation (sealed combustion) and side wall venting are tested to ANSI Z21.13 - CSA 4.9 (latest edition) and are certified together with the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler as a constructional unit.
The Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler may also be vented, using an AL29-4C® special stainless steel, single-wall, room air dependent or independent venting system (UL listed for category IV), polypropylene PP(s) or CPVC single wall room air dependent or independent venting system (listed to ULCS636 or UL1738) for CAT IV appliances.
For a more detailed description of the direct vent and single-wall vent system, please refer to the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A Venting System Installation Instructions.

Flue gas temperature protection
Flue pipes used for the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A are suitable for max. flue gas temperatures of up to 230°F (110°C). No flue gas temperature protection is required as the maximum permissible flue gas temperature is not exceeded in any operating condition or in the event of malfunctioning.

Low water cut-off
A low water cut-off may be required by local codes. If the boiler is installed above the radiation level, a low water cut-off device of approved type must be installed in all instances. An approved type low water cut-off device must be provided by the heating contractor. Do not install an isolation valve between the boiler and the low water cut-off.

Water connections
Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boilers can be used in any fully pumped hot water heating system.
Minimum system pressure is 14 psig.
Chemical corrosion protection products.
Corrosion does not typically occur in sealed heating systems which have been correctly installed and are correctly operated.
Many manufacturers of plastic pipes recommend the use of chemical additives. In this case, only those commercially available corrosion protection products approved for boilers with domestic hot water heating via single-wall heat exchangers (instantaneous plate heat exchangers or DHW tanks) must be used.

Water quality
Treatment for boiler feed water should be considered in areas of known problems, such as where a high mineral content and hardness exist. In areas where freezing might occur, an antifreeze may be added to the system water to protect the system. Please adhere to the specifications given by the antifreeze manufacturer. Do not use automotive silicate based antifreeze.
Please observe that an antifreeze/water mixture may require a backflow preventer within the automatic water feed and influence components such as diaphragm expansion tanks, radiation, etc. Maximum antifreeze content is 50% for the Vitocrossal 300 CU3A boiler. Do not use antifreeze other than specifically made for hot water heating systems. System also may contain components which might be negatively affected by antifreeze.
Check total system frequently when filled with antifreeze. Advise system operator/ultimate owner that system is filled with a glycol mix. The heating contractor must provide a MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) for the antifreeze used to the system operator/ultimate owner.

Total permissible hardness of the fill and top-up water

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total heating output</th>
<th>Specific heating volume</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MBH</td>
<td>&lt;5 USG per 3412 BTU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ppm - parts per million</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ppm - parts per million
gpg - grains per gallon

Vitocrossal 300 CU3A 26 to 199 Technical Data
System Design Considerations (continued)

System layout
- The max. boiler water temperature for space heating and DHW production is 194°F (90°C). To minimize distribution losses, Viessmann recommends that the heating and domestic hot water systems be based on a maximum boiler supply temperature of 194°F (90°C).
- Due to the low return temperatures required for gas condensing, no mixing valves should be used in the heating circuit whenever possible. If mixing valves are required, e.g. for multi-circuit systems or underfloor heating systems, only 3-way mixing valves must be used.
  Do not use 4-way mixing valves with condensing boilers.

Underfloor heating systems
For underfloor heating systems Viessmann recommends the use of plastic tubing with an oxygen diffusion barrier in order to prevent the diffusion of oxygen through tubing. If plastic tubing without an oxygen diffusion barrier is used in underfloor heating systems, Viessmann recommends that such systems be separated from the boiler with a heat exchanger.
Underfloor heating systems and heating circuits containing a very large volume of water must be connected to the boiler via a 3-way mixing valve; please refer to the applicable installation example in this manual.

Oxygen diffusion barrier underfloor tubing
The boiler warranty does not cover leaks resulting from corrosion caused by the use of underfloor plastic tubing without an oxygen diffusion barrier. Such systems must have the non-oxygen diffusion barrier tubing separated from the boiler with a heat exchanger. Viessmann recommends the use of underfloor plastic tubing with an oxygen diffusion barrier.

Warranty
Our warranty does not cover damages resulting from the following:
- installation or service by unqualified and unlicensed personnel.
- attempting to perform any repair work on the boiler other than that mentioned in the boiler literature.
- tampering with or attempting, without Viessmann permission, to readjust the factory settings of the; combination gas valve
  -combustion air opening of the burner blower
- leaks resulting from corrosion caused by the use of underfloor plastic tubing without an oxygen diffusion barrier. For detailed warranty information, please read warranty sheet supplied with product.